## Compound Interest Formula

 $I(t) = P(1 + \frac{r}{n})^{nt}$  where P is the principal, r is the annual interest rate, n is the number of times interest is compounded per year, and t is time in years.

## Find the amount of the investment.

- 1. \$10,000 invested at 1% compounded monthly for 2 ½ years.
- 2. \$14,500 invested at 10% compounded annually for 3 years.
- 3. \$13,500 invested at 9% compounded quarterly for 7  $\frac{1}{2}$  years.
- 4. \$10,500 invested at 6% compounded semi-annually for 4  $\frac{1}{2}$  years.
- 5. \$2,500 invested at 5% compounded monthly for 5 years.
- 6. \$6,500 invested at 3% compounded annually for 5  $\frac{1}{2}$  years.
- 7. \$8,000 invested at 8% compounded quarterly for  $3\frac{1}{2}$  years.
- 8. 2,000 invested at 7% compounded semi-annually for 6 ½ years.
- 9. \$5,000 invested at 4% compounded monthly for 2 years.
- 10. If a principal of \$1,380 is invested at an annual interest rate of 4% compounded annually, what is the account balance at the end of 6 years?